

EDI[™] Human Pepsinogen II ELISA Kit

Enzyme Linked ImmunoSorbent Assay (ELISA) for the measurement of Human Pepsinogen II Levels in Serum



INTENDED USE

This ELISA (enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay) kit is intended for the quantitative determination of human pepsinogen II levels in serum. Determination of human serum pepsinogen II level would allow calculation of the ratio of pepsinogen I/II, which was reported to be a useful tool in the aid of diagnosing the functional states of acidsecreting gastric mucosa.

SUMMARY OF PHYSIOLOGY

Pepsinogen consists of a single polypeptide chain of 375 amino acids with an average molecular weight of 42 kDa. Pepsinogen I is synthesized at gastric chief cells and mucous neck cells, while pepsinogen II is produced not only by gastric chief cells and mucous neck cells, but also by clear mucous cells of antrum and Brunner's glands in the proximal duodenum, etc. The clinical applications of measuring pepsinogen I and pepsinogen II are a useful aid in diagnosing severe atrophic gastritis and stomach cancer. It was suggested that the measurement of serum pepsinogens served as a "serological biopsy" for predicting the presence of atrophic gastritis or superficial gastritis.

Atrophic Gastritis: It was found that serum pepsinogen I level falling to less than 20 ng/ml was highly specific for severe atrophic gastritis. It is also observed that serum pepsinogen I levels fell with increasing severity of mucosal damage in atrophic gastritis. The diagnostic sensitivity and specificity of serum pepsinogen I level for advanced atrophic corpus gastritis are about 92% and 90% respectively. On the other hand, the decrease in serum pepsinogen I levels in patients with pernicious anemia and atrophic gastritis was found to be associated with normal or raised pepsinogen II levels. Therefore, a pepsinogen I retor is significantly lower than those with superficial gastritis or normal remnant mucosa.

Stomach Cancer: Low serum pepsinogen I levels as well as low ratio of pepsinogen I/II were found in patients with gastric cancer, with a threefold higher incidence. Other studies have concluded that low serum pepsinogen I levels may identify persons at increased risk for intestinal types of stomach cancer.

<u>Duodenal Ulcer</u>: A low serum pepsinogen I level can exclude a diagnosis of duodenal ulcer. Although a high pepsinogen I level has less clinical use for establishing the diagnosis of a duodenal ulcer, the combination of hypergastrinemia and a highly elevated serum pepsinogen I strongly suggests the possibility of the Zollinger-Ellison syndrome.

ASSAY PRINCIPLE

This ELISA is designed, developed and produced for the quantitative measurement of human pepsinogen II level in serum sample. The assay utilizes the two-site "sandwich" technique with two selected monoclonal antibodies that bind to different epitopes of human pepsinogen II without any cross-reaction to human pepsinogen I.

Assay standards, controls and patient serum samples containing human pepsinogen II are added directly to microtiter wells of microplate that was coated with streptavidin. Simultaneously, a biotinylated antibody and a horseradish peroxidase-conjugated antibody are added to each well. After the first incubation period, the wall of microtiter well captures the biotinylated antibody as well as an immunocomplex in the form of "streptavidin – biotin-antibody – pepsinogen II – HRP-antibody". Unbound proteins as well as unbound HRP-conjugated antibody in each microtiter well are removed in the subsequent washing step. The well is incubated with a substrate solution in a timed reaction and then measured in a spectrophotometric microplate reader. The enzymatic activity of the tracer antibody bound to the pepsinogen II on the wall of the microtiter well is directly proportional to the amount of pepsinogen II in the sample. A standard curve is generated by plotting the absorbance versus the respective human pepsinogen II concentration for each standard on Point-to-Point, CubicSpline or 4-Parameter plot. The concentration of human pepsinogen II in test samples is determined directly from this standard curve.

REAGENTS: Preparation and Storage

This test kit must be stored at $2 - 8^{\circ}$ C upon receipt. For the expiration date of the kit refer to the label on the kit box. All components are stable until this expiration date.

Prior to use allow all reagents to come to room temperature. Reagents from different kit lot numbers should not be combined or interchanged.

1. Streptavidin Coated Microplate (Cat. No. 10040) One microplate with 12 x eight strips (96 wells total) coated with streptavidin. The plate is framed and sealed in a foil Ziploc bag with a desiccant. This reagent should be stored at $2 - 8^{\circ}$ C and is stable until the expiration date on the kit box.

2. Pepsinogen II Tracer Antibody (Cat. No. 30101)

One vial contains 0.6 mL concentrated horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-conjugated anti-human pepsinogen II tracer antibody in a stabilized protein matrix. This reagent must be diluted with Tracer Antibody Diluent before use. This reagent should be stored at $2 - 8^{\circ}$ C and is stable until the expiration date on the kit box.

3. Pepsinogen II Capture Antibody (Cat. No. 30102) One vial contains 0.6 mL concentrated biotinylated anti-human pepsinogen II capture antibody in a stabilized protein matrix. This reagent must be diluted with Tracer Antibody Diluent before use. This reagent should be stored at 2 – 8°C and is stable until the expiration date on the kit box.

4. Tracer Antibody Diluent (Cat. No. 30017)

One vial contains 12 mL ready to use buffer. It should be only used for tracer antibody dilution according to the assay procedures. This reagent should be stored at $2 - 8^{\circ}$ C and is stable until the expiration date on the kit box.

5. ELISA Wash Concentrate (Cat. No. 10010)

One bottle contains 30 mL of 30 fold concentrate. Before use the contents must be diluted with 870 mL of distilled water and mixed well. Upon dilution this yields a working wash solution containing a surfactant in phosphate-buffered saline with a nonazide preservative. The diluted solution should be stored at room temperature and is stable until the expiration date on the kit hox

6. ELISA HRP Substrate (Cat. No. 10020)

One bottle contains 12 mL of tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) with hydrogen peroxide. This reagent should be stored at $2-8^{\circ}$ C and is stable until the expiration date on the kit box.

ELISA Stop Solution (Cat. No. 10030)

One bottle contains 12 mL of 0.5 M sulfuric acid. This reagent should be stored at 2 - 8°C or room temperature and is stable until the expiration date on the kit box.

Pepsinogen II Standards (Cat. No. 30093 - 30098) 8.

Six vials each contain lyophilized human pepsinogen II in a bovine serum albumin-based matrix with a non-azide preservative. Refer to vials for exact concentration for each standard. All the standards should be reconstituted with DIwater and stored at -20°C or below after the first use with up to 3 freeze cycles.

9. Pepsinogen II Controls (Cat. No. 30099 - 30100) Two vials each contain lyophilized human pepsinogen II in a bovine serum albumin-based matrix with a non-azide preservative. Refer to vials for exact concentration range for each control. Both controls should be reconstituted with DIwater and stored at -20°C or below after the first use with up to 3 freeze cycles.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The reagents must be used in research laboratory and is for research use only. Source material for reagents containing bovine serum albumin was derived in the contiguous 48 United States. It was obtained only from healthy donor animals maintained under veterinary supervision and found free of contagious diseases. Wear gloves while performing this assay and handle these reagents as if they are potentially infectious. Avoid contact with reagents containing TMB, hydrogen peroxide, or sulfuric acid. TMB may cause irritation to skin and mucous membranes and cause an allergic skin reaction. TMB is a suspected carcinogen. Sulfuric acid may cause severe irritation on contact with skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest or inhale fumes. On contact, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Use Good Laboratory Practices.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Precision single channel pipettes capable of delivering 20 μL, 25 μL, 100 μL, and 1000 μL, etc. 2.
 - Repeating dispenser suitable for delivering 100 µL.
- Disposable pipette tips suitable for above volume 3. dispensing.
- Δ Disposable 12 x 75 mm or 13 x 100 glass tubes.
- 5. Disposable plastic 1000 mL bottle with caps.
- Aluminum foil. 6.
- Deionized or distilled water. 7.
- 8. Plastic microtiter well cover or polyethylene film.
- ELISA multichannel wash bottle or automatic (semi-9. automatic) washing system.
- 10. Spectrophotometric microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION

Only 100 µL of human serum is required for human pepsinogen II measurement in duplicate. No special preparation of individual is necessary prior to specimen collection. However, a 10 hour fasting serum sample is recommended for the test. Whole blood should be collected and must be allowed to clot for minimum 30 minutes at room temperature before the serum is separated by centrifugation

(850 - 1500xg for 10 minutes). The serum should be separated from the clot within three hours of blood collection and transferred to a clean test tube. Serum samples should be stored at -20°C or below until measurement. Avoid more than three times freeze-thaw cycles of specimen.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

1. Reagent Preparation

- (1) Prior to use allow all reagents to come to room temperature. Reagents from different kit lot numbers should not be combined or interchanged.
- ELISA Wash Concentrate (Cat. 10010) must be diluted to (2) working solution prior use. Please see REAGENTS section for details.
- Reconstitute all assav standards (Cat. 30093-30098) and (3) controls (Cat. 30099-30100) by adding 0.5mL of deminerialized water to the vial of standard level 1 and 0.5mL deminerialized water to the vials of standard levels 2 - 6 and controls 1 & 2. Allow the standards and controls to sit undisturbed for 10 minutes, and then mix well by gentle vortexing. Make sure that all solid is dissolved completely prior to use. These reconstituted standards and controls must be stored at - 10°C or below. Do not exceed 3 freeze-thaw cycles.
- (4) Place a sufficient number of Streptavidin coated microwell strips (Cat. 10040) in a holder to run human pepsinogen II standards, controls and unknown samples in duplicate.
- **Test Configuration** (5)

ROW	STRIP 1	STRIP 2	STRIP 3
Α	STD 1	STD 5	SAMPLE 1
В	STD 1	STD 5	SAMPLE 1
С	STD 2	STD 6	SAMPLE 2
D	STD 2	STD 6	SAMPLE 2
E	STD 3	C 1	SAMPLE 3
F	STD 3	C 1	SAMPLE 3
G	STD 4	C 2	
Н	STD 4	C 2	

(6) Prepare working Tracer Antibody and Capture Antibody mixture by 1:21 fold dilution of the Pepsinogen II Tracer Antibody (Cat. 30101) and the Pepsinogen II Capture Antibody (Cat. 30102) with the Tracer Antibody Diluent (Cat. 30017). For each strip, it is required to mix 1 mL of Tracer Antibody Diluent with the addition of 50 µL of Tracer Antibody and 50 µL Capture Antibody in a clean test tube or vial. Following is a table that outlines the relationship of strips used and antibody mix prepared.

Strip no.	Tracer Antibody Diluent	Tracer Antibody	Capture Antibody
1	1 mL	50 µL	50 µL
2	2 mL	100 µL	100 µL
3	3 mL	150 µL	150 µL
4	4 mL	200 µL	200 µL
5	5 mL	250 µL	250 µL
6	6 mL	300 µL	300 µL
7	7 mL	350 µL	350 µL
8	8 mL	400 µL	400 µL
9	9 mL	450 µL	450 µL
10	10 mL	500 µL	500 µL
11	11 mL	550 µL	550 µL
12	12 mL	600 µL	600 µL

Note: this antibody mix should be freshly prepared right before running the assay.

2. Manual Assay Procedure

(1) Add 50 µL of standards, controls and patient serum samples into the designated microwell.

- (2) Add **100 µL** of above antibody mixture to each well.
- (3) Mix gently and cover the plate with one plate sealer and also with aluminum foil to avoid exposure to light.
- (4) Incubate plate at room temperature for 2 hours.
- (5) Remove the aluminum foil and plate sealer. Aspirate the contents of each well. Wash each well 5 times by dispensing 350 µL of working wash solution into each well and then completely aspirating the contents. Alternatively, an automated microplate washer can be used.
- (6) Add 100 µL of ELISA HRP Substrate (Cat. 10020) into each of the wells.
- (7) Cover the plate with one <u>new</u> plate sealer and also with aluminum foil to avoid exposure to light.
- (8) Incubate plate at room temperature for 20 minutes. (This incubation period may be reduced to 8 15 min if a lower OD reading is demanded to fit to the plate readers specification.)
- (9) Remove the aluminum foil and plate sealer. Add 100 µL of ELISA Stop Solution (Cat. 10030) into each of the wells. Mix gently.
- (10) Read the absorbance at 450 nm within 10 minutes in a microplate reader.

3. Assay Procedure on Automated ELISA System

- (1) Add **50 µL** of standards, controls and patient serum samples into the designated microwell.
- (2) Add **100 µL** of above antibody <u>mixture</u> to each well
- (3) Incubate plate with initial shaking for 1 minutes and further incubation at 37°C for 60 minutes.
- (4) Wash each well 5 times by dispensing 350 µL of working wash solution into each well and then completely aspirating the contents.
- (5) Add 100 μL of ELISA HRP Substrate (Cat. 10020) into each of the wells.
- (6) Incubate plate at 37°C for 18 minutes.
- (7) Add 100 µL of ELISA Stop Solution (Cat. 10030) into each of the wells. Mix gently.
- (8) Read the absorbance at 450 nm.

Note: The above automated ELISA procedure has been performed on DS2 system. A satisfactory patient sample correlation was observed between the manual and automated assay procedures (r =0.966, slope = 0.8665). One may adjust the procedure according to different automated ELISA system used in each laboratory.

PROCEDURAL NOTES

- It is recommended that all standards, controls and unknown samples be assayed in duplicate. The average absorbance reading of each duplicate should be used for data reduction and the calculation of results.
- 2. Keep light-sensitive reagents in the original bottles and avoid unnecessary exposure to the light.
- 3. Store any unused antibody-coated strips in the foil Ziploc bag with desiccant to protect from moisture.
- Careful technique and use of properly calibrated pipetting devices are necessary to ensure reproducibility of the test.
- 5. Incubation times or temperatures other than those stated in this insert may affect the results.
- Avoid air bubbles in the microwell as this could result in lower binding efficiency and higher CV% of duplicate reading.
- 7. All reagents should be mixed gently and thoroughly prior to use. Avoid foaming.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

- 1. Calculate the average absorbance for each pair of duplicate test results.
- Subtract the average absorbance of the STD 1 (0 ng/mL) from the average absorbance of all other readings to obtain corrected absorbance.

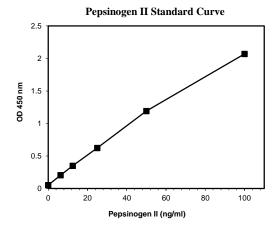
- The standard curve is generated by the corrected absorbance of all standard levels on the ordinate against the standard concentration on the abscissa using point-topoint or log-log paper. Appropriate computer assisted data reduction programs may also be used for the calculation of results.
- 4. It is recommended to use following curve fits: (1) Point-to-Point, or (2) 4-Parameter or (3) CubicSpline.

The human pepsinogen II concentrations for the controls and patient samples are read directly from the standard curve using their respective corrected absorbance.

EXAMPLE DATA AND STANDARD CURVE

A typical absorbance data and the resulting standard curve from human pepsinogen II ELISA are represented. **This curve should not be used in lieu of standard curve run with each assay.**

Well	OD 450 nm Absorbance			Results
I.D.	Readings	Average	Corrected	ng/mL
0 ng/mL	0.053 0.050	0.052	0.000	
6.3 ng/mL	0.201 0.208	0.205	0.153	
12.5 ng/mL	0.341 0.357	0.349	0.297	
25 ng/mL	0.590 0.656	0.623	0.571	
50 ng/mL	1.250 1.132	1.191	1.139	
100 ng/mL	2.064 2.074	2.069	2.017	
Control 1	0.218 0.217	0.218	0.166	6.8 ng/mL
Control 2	0.619 0.655	0.637	0.585	25.6 ng/mL



EXPECTED VALUES

Seventy-three normal adult sera were measured with this human pepsinogen II ELISA. The expected normal range is listed in the following table with different percentile cut-off and the median level of this group of population is 4.9 ng/mL.

Percentile Cut-off	Normal Range (ng/mL)
95%	2.3 – 20
90%	2.5 – 15
85%	3.0 – 12
80%	3.0 – 11

The ratio of pepsinogen I/II is calculated from the same group of normal population.

Percentile Cut-off	Normal Range (ng/mL)
95%	3 – 32
90%	4 – 25
85%	4 – 24
80%	6 – 22

It is highly recommended that each laboratory should establish their own normal range for pepsinogen II and the ratio of pepsinogen I/II based on local populations.

Patients with atrophic gastritis, as well as patients with stomach cancer would have a pepsinogen I/II level below 3. However, gastroendoscopy and tissue biopsy should be used as final and confirmative diagnostic method.

LIMITATION OF THE PROCEDURE

- Since there is no Gold Standard concentration available 1. for human pepsinogen II measurement, the values of assay standards were established by diluting a highly purified human pepsinogen II in a protein matrix.
- For unknown sample value read directly from the assay 2. that is greater than 100 ng/mL, it is recommended to measure a further diluted sample for more accurate measurement.
- If there is not a microplate reader in your laboratory able to 3. read beyond 2.0 at OD 450 nm, adjust the computer program for an assay without the standard level 6 from the standard set
- Bacterial or fungal contamination of serum specimens or 4 reagents, or cross-contamination between reagents may cause erroneous results.
- 5. Water deionized with polyester resins may inactive the horseradish peroxidase enzyme.

QUALITY CONTROL

To assure the validity of the results each assay should include adequate controls with known pepsinogen II levels. We recommend that all assays include the laboratory's own human serum based pepsinogen II controls in addition to those provided with this kit.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS Sensitivity

The sensitivity of this human pepsinogen II ELISA is 0.1 ng/mL as determined by measuring zero standard 16 times in the same assay and calculating the detection limit at 3 standard deviation above the pepsinogen II zero standard. The assay analytical sensitivity is approximately 0.5 ng/mL.

Specificity

This assay measures human pepsinogen II without any crossreaction to human pepsinogen I.

Linearity

Two human serum samples spiked with pepsinogen II were diluted with assay buffer and assayed. The results in the value of ng/mL are as follows:

#	DILUTION	OBSERVED VALUE	EXPECTED VALUE	RECOVERY %
1	Neat	16.2	-	-
	1:2	8.5	8.1	105
	1:4	3.9	4.1	95
	1:8	1.9	2.0	95
2	Neat	56.8	-	-
	1:2	26.7	28.4	94
	1:4	13.8	14.2	97
	1:8	6.9	7.1	97
	1:16	4.0	3.6	111

Precision

The intra-assay precision is validated by measuring two samples in a single assay with 16 replicate determinations.

Mean Pepsinogen II Value (ng/mL)	CV (%)
8.7	3.8
33.6	7.1

The inter-assay precision is validated by measuring two samples in duplicate in 12 individual assays.

Mean Pepsinogen II Value (ng/mL)	CV (%)
8.5	6.9
33.0	5.7

Recovery

Two patient samples were spiked at a 1:1 ratio with various amounts of human pepsinogen II and assayed. The results in the value of ng/mL are as follows:

#	Orig. Value	Amount Spiked	Observed Value	Expected Value	Recovery %
1	11.2	6.3 12.5 25.0	8.3 11.4 17.6	8.8 11.9 18.1	94 96 97
2	5.6	6.3 12.5 25.0	6.1 9.3 14.9	6.0 9.1 15.3	102 102 97

"Hook" Effect

It was determined that this pepsinogen II ELISA did not show any high dose "hook" effect up to 1,000 ng/mL of pepsinogen II.

WARRANTY

This product is warranted to perform as described in its labeling and literature when used in accordance with all instructions. Epitope Diagnostics, Inc. DISCLAIMS ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, and in no event shall Epitope Diagnostics, Inc. be liable for consequential damages. Replacement of the product or refund of the purchase price is the exclusive remedy for the purchaser. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may have other rights, which vary from state to state.

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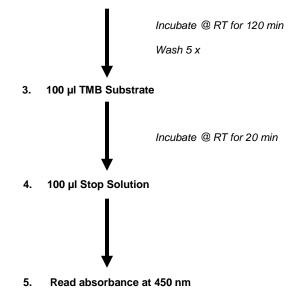
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Manufacturer	No. of tests			
REF Catalog Number	Keep away from heat and direct sun light			
CONC Concentrate	Store at			
IVD In Vitro Diagnostic Device	Use by			
Read instructions before use	LOT Lot No.			
EC REP Authorized Representative In Europe				

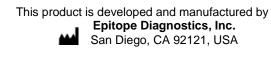
Pepsinogen II ELISA: Short Manual Assay Protocol

- 1. 50 µl Calibrators, controls and patient samples
- 2. 100 µl Antibody mixture



TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND CUSTOMER SERVICE

For technical assistance or place an order, please contact Epitope Diagnostics, Inc. at (858) 693-7877 or fax to (858) 693-7678. www.epitopediagnostics.com





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